according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



USP-PIR Catalyst Part B

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : USP-PIR Catalyst

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Curing chemical, polymerisation initiators.

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Urban Surface Protection Ltd

Daisy Dene Inglewhite Road

Preston PR3 2EB

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: Info@urbansurfaceprotection.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 07701308748 (24 hour)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Organic peroxides, Type E H242: Heating may cause a fire.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ strong ac-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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				/ metal salts and other re-
		Dooo		es /combustible materials.
		P233	Keep container ti	gnuy ciosea.
		P235	Keep cool.	
		P261	Avoid breathing of pours/ spray.	dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ va-
		P262	Do not get in eye	s, on skin, or on clothing.
		P273	Avoid release to	
		P280	Wear protective of eye protection/ fa	gloves/ protective clothing/
		Response:	.,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		-	ter for several mi	Rinse cautiously with wanutes. Remove contact and easy to do. Continue
		P333 + P313	•	rash occurs: Get medical
		P337 + P313	If eye irritation peattention.	ersists: Get medical advice/
		P362 + P364	Take off contamination before reuse.	nated clothing and wash it
		Disposal:		
		P501	Dispose of conte proved waste dis	nts/ container to an ap- posal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Dibenzoyl peroxide (CAS-No. 94-36-0)

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Organic Peroxide Liquid mixture

Hazardous components

		1	
Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Registration number		,
Dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	Org. Perox. B; H241	>= 40 - < 45
	202-327-6	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
	01-2119511472-50	Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		Aquatic Acute 1; H400	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended. Call a physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

If inhaled : If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Call a physician immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may auto-ignite.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

The product will float on water and can be reignited on surface

water.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposi-

tion at or below SADT. Clear spills immediately.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray jet.

To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this materi-

al, use plenty of water.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Isolate waste and do not reuse. Non-sparking tools should be used.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling : Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of aerosol.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Never return any product to the container from which it was

originally removed.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Avoid confinement.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Wash thoroughly after handling. For personal protection see section 8.

Protect from contamination.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from combustible material.

Hygiene measures : Keep away from food and drink. When using do not eat or

drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks

and immediately after handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Avoid impurities (e.g. rust, dust, ash), risk of decomposition. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Advice on common storage : Keep away from strong acids, bases, heavy metal salts and

other reducing substances.

Recommended storage tem-

perature

: 0 - 30 °C

Other data : No decomposition if stored normally.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : For further information, refer to the product technical data

sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Dibenzoyl peroxide	TWA	5 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the			
		osure should be use		05 5000
Zinc stearate	Zinc stea-	TWA (inhalable	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	rate	dust)		
Further information	fractions of ai in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when present the service of any particular body responsed HSE distinguible and respinaterial that eavailable for to the fraction definitions and	rborne dust which will with the methods degravimetric analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrate of inhalable dust or 4 hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts he must comply with les of a wide range of lar particle after entre that it elicits, dependent of the mose and deposition in the respectation of the penetrates to the dexplanatory materionents that have the	espirable dust and inhalable all be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Gene of respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a ave been assigned specific Variety the appropriate limit., Most in fisizes. The behaviour, depoy into the human respiratory and on the nature and size of the size of the instruction of the instruction of the gas exchange region of the later given in MDHS14/3., Variety ir own assigned WEL, all the	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The dust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. re exposed VELs and exhaustrial dusts estion and fate system and the the particle. termed 'inhalan of airborne stherefore approximates e lung. Fuller Vhere dusts
		dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with. STEL (inhalable GB EH40 20 mg/m3 dust) For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those Further information fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

should be complied with.

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	11.75 mg/m3
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	6.6 mg/kg bw/day

contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Dibenzoyl peroxide	Fresh water	0.000602 mg/l
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Marine water	< 0.0001 mg/l
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Intermittent use/release	0.000602 mg/l
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Sewage treatment plant	0.35 mg/l
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Fresh water sediment	0.338 mg/kg
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Soil	0.0758 mg/kg
Dibenzoyl peroxide	Oral	6.67 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Please wear suitable protective goggles. Also wear face pro-

tection if there is a splash hazard.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical re-

sistance data and an assessment of the local exposure poten-

tial.

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Filter type : ABEK-filter

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : suspension

Colour : white

Odour : characteristic

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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: Not applicable рΗ

Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposition: Decomposes below the boiling point.

: Not applicable Flash point

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : does not ignite

Upper explosion limit : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit : Not applicable

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Density : 1.2 g/cm3 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 1 mPa.s

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Organic peroxide

9.2 Other information

Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT)

: 50 °C

SADT-Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest

temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a

self-accelerating decomposition reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Protect from contamination.

Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposi-

tion at or below SADT. Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid confinement.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Accelerators, strong acids and bases, heavy metals and

heavy metal salts, reducing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 24.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Remarks: May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:

Remarks: May cause irreversible eye damage.

Components:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

URBAN SURFACE PROTECTION THE TOTAL SURFACE PROTECTOR

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Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: Eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: Causes sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: dominant lethal test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Remarks: negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: No observed adverse effect level: > 1,000 mg/kg

body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: No effects on fertility

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

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STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.0602 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0711

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50 (Bacteria): 35 mg/l Exposure time: 0.5 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Biodegradability : Result: Biodegradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.2 (20 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3107
ADR : UN 3107
RID : UN 3107
IMDG : UN 3107

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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IATA : UN 3107

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID

(DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE)

ADR : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID

(DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE)

RID : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID

(DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE)

IMDG : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID

(DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE)

IATA : Organic peroxide type E, liquid

(Dibenzoyl peroxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 5.2
ADR : 5.2
RID : 5.2
IMDG : 5.2
IATA : 5.2

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Labels : 5.2 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : P1 Hazard Identification Number : 539 Labels : 5.2

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R

IATA

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 570

ger aircraft)

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Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

: Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol-

lutants

: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of

major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P6b SELF-REACTIVE S0 t 200 t

SUBSTANCES AND

MIXTURES and ORGANIC

PEROXIDES

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL 100 t 200 t

HAZARDS

Water contaminating class

(Germany)

: WGK 2 water endangering

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Other regulations : Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young

people at work or stricter national regulations, where applica-

ble.

Gefahrengruppe nach § 3 BGV B4: IV (German regulatory

requirements)

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA (US) : On TSCA Inventory

DSL (CA) : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

AICS (AU) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC (NZ) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI (KR) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC (CN) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H241 : Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute : Acute aquatic toxicity

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Org. Perox. : Organic peroxides
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



USP-PIR Catalyst Part B

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Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA -Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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